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TRIBUNE-CITIZEN.
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The Evening Herald

BUT A few days now until the Chautauqua; have you bought your tickets?

Albuquerque, New Mexico, Friday, June 30, 1916.

TEN PAGES TODAY

THE EVENING HERALD
VOL. 2, NO. 55.

CARRANZA DENIES ALL COUNTS OF NOTE

Memorandum Issued Today Practically Defies U. S.

PRIVATE ADVICES TO WASHINGTON STATE FIRST CHIEF MEANS TO RESIST ADVANCE

Faction of the Mexican Cabinet Stands Out for Even More Defiant Attitude Toward United States, Is Declared.

ARREDONDO AGAIN TAKES UP ALLEGED ABUSES

Ambassador-designate Asserts Refusal of Americans to Leave His Country Indicates Faith in Its Safety.

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Washington, June 29.—Private advice reaching Washington from a reliable source in Mexico City today said General Carranza and his advisers had determined to stand by orders of General Trevino to attack American troops in Mexico moving in any direction except toward the border, and that no way was seen to avoid a break with the United States.

A faction of the Mexican cabinet, it was said, was urging an even more defiant attitude and wanted to include in the reply to the American request for a statement of intentions a new demand for immediate withdrawal of all United States troops now on Mexican soil.

The advice did not indicate when the response from Carranza might be expected. The last word on the subject to the state department came in a message from Special Agent Hodges, who said he expected the note to be mailed him Wednesday night.

Mexican Ambassador Arredondo took up with Secretary Lansing again today the question of alleged maltreatment of Mexicans on the American side of the border, and asked that steps be taken to prevent further trouble of this sort.

On returning to the embassy he made public a message from Mexico City saying that although the state department had telegraphed Special Agent Hodges to warn of Americans to leave Mexico immediately or the United States government would not be responsible for the consequences actually less than 500 had left Mexico City and not more than 500 left the surrounding country.

"The greater majority of Americans in Mexico City," says the dispatch, "elected to remain, as they have been in Mexico through all the trials in the last two years, but one of them who has not gone out of his way to invite trouble has ever been molested. The Mexican government has given positive guarantees for the protection of the lives and property of Americans in the states of Tabasco and Chiapas whenever such Americans express a desire to remain, and unquestionably it will do so in all other portions of the republic."

In conclusion the message said:

"Since the beginning of international difficulties no disposition has ever been exhibited here of any time to molest any American on account of his nationality, although those who have sought refuge usually have been accommodated."

Official reports to the state department have shown that only a few hundred Americans are left in all Mexico.

When President Wilson met with his cabinet today just before leaving for New York the unfavorable private reports had not reached him and there were practically no new developments in the Mexican crisis to be considered. Military preparations are being rushed to completion, however, but diplomatically there is nothing to be done until Carranza's reply is received or it becomes apparent that he will not respond within a reasonable time.

General Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador-designate, called on Mr. Lansing early in the day to communicate formally the information that his government has ordered the release of the American troopers captured at Carrizal.

A brief talk followed. Mr. Lansing making it plain that the Washington government expected an early reply to its note.

All members of the cabinet agreed after the meeting that both the situation and the policy of the United States were unchanged.

The release of the captured troopers has delayed military action but it has

Strict Censorship in Effect on Troop Movements to Prevent Train Wrecking

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Washington, June 29.—Secretary Baker announced today that orders have been sent to all department army commanders to suppress all news concerning troop movements.

The war department order follows. In view of the fact that general knowledge of troop movements en route to the border or in Texas might result in some malicious act that might seriously hamper these movements, and also might result in unnecessary loss of life among troops, it is directed that all concerned be instructed to the effect that no information as to movements of troops is to be given to representatives of the press or any individuals other than the officials of the railroads concerned or the representatives of the American Railways Association located at the various department headquarters and mobilization and concentration points.

The new press bureau of the war department agreed its first instructions that suitable propellers for aeroplanes on the border have been secured and are being sent forward.

not relieved the critical diplomatic situation now existing.

Several reports from Special Agent Hodges referring to refugees on one side of the border did not mention the Mexican note. He has said no right to be said on the probable source General Carranza would take.

It is known, however, that interests in the Mexican capital which have been exerting every effort to prevent a break are much disengaged.

Should the Mexican reply follow the line indicated and be in defiance of the United States, President Wilson probably would arrange to lay the whole matter before congress immediately.

War department officials appeared to be satisfied with the progress of the national guard mobilization on the border.

In this connection it was learned today that war department legal experts construed the resolution adopted by Congress and sent to the White House yesterday as granting authority to draft every enrolled member of the national guard into the federal service whenever the president said the step is necessary. The draft would apply, they believe, to all guardmen, whether they take a new oath or not. Under this construction the whole enrolled strength of state troops now upwards of 120,000 men could be called into the federal service without delay and be used either on the border or in Mexico.

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FOUR VILLISTAS DIE ON THE SCAFFOLD IN DEMING EARLY TODAY FOR COLUMBUS RAID

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Deming, N. M., June 29.—Four Villistas who took part in the Columbus raid were executed by hanging in the county jail here today.

The men were put to death in pairs. Eusebio Bentivego and Taurino Garcia were placed on the scaffold first. They were not pronounced dead until after twenty minutes had passed.

Jose Rangel and Juan Castillo were next. Their necks were broken and death was almost instantaneous.

The four men were calm. Jose Rangel smoked a cigarette as the noose was adjusted. None would say anything except Garcia, who explained, as he was led to execution, "I hope God will forgive my enemies."

JOSE RANGEL SMOKES AS NOOSE IS PLACED

Men Approach Rope Calmly and None But Taurino Garcia, Who "Hopes God Will Forgive His Enemies," Says Anything.

Company of National Guard at Hand and Forty Extra Deputies Sworn in to Prevent Demonstration; No Disorder Evident.

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This completes disposition of the cases of the Columbus raiders. Jose Rodriguez recently was granted a stay of execution and is serving a life sentence.

Company D, New Mexico national guards, was held at the armory in case of a demonstration. A force of forty deputies, appointed by Sheriff W. J. Simpson, guarded the jail during the night but there were no disorders.

Believe Republican Politician Met Death Upon Lonely Highway

Congress of 600 Delegates, Representing 3,000,000 Organized Workers, Asks Regulation of Fuel and Food Prices.

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Cincinnati, Md., June 29.—William H. Mostell, clerk of the Dorchester county circuit court, and prominent in Republican local politics, business and social circles, is thought to have been murdered on a lonely road in Dorchester county last night.

The body has not been found. The car in which he was riding was found by Fred Huntley, a farmer, who had been guided to the spot by a stranger.

The memorandum was issued at the same time that the foreign office authorized publication of Secretary Lansing's recent note.

Iowa Mult Repeal Law Held Unconstitutional

Des Moines, Iowa, June 29.—The mult law, which closed saloons in Iowa January 1, 1916, is valid and constitutional, according to a unanimous decision of the Iowa supreme court in affirming the case of the state versus John Hill, appellant. The action was begun in Des Moines by three saloonkeepers to test the new law.

France to Tax Profits Growing Out of War

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Paris, June 29 (12:50 p.m.)—The bill imposing a tax on all extraordinary and supplementary profits during the war was passed today by both the senate and the chamber of deputies.

French Will Head Commercial Travelers

Albuquerqueans Going to Las Vegas Tuesday Are Assured of a Royal Welcome, a Good Time and a Benefit for This City

UNSATISFACTORY REPLY IS MADE TO REQUEST FOR A DECLARATION OF INTENTIONS

Right to Keep Armed Troops in Mexico Emphatically Denied in Manifesto Given Out by Aguilar.

BLAME FOR YSABEL MASSACRE PLACED ON DEAD AMERICAN

Allegation Made That Huerta Was Arrested to Prevent Plotting With Germany, Not to Aid Constitutionalists.

GENERAL BELL TO DETAIL ARMY MEN TO INVESTIGATE

Company of National Guard at Hand and Forty Extra Deputies Sworn in to Prevent Demonstration; No Disorder Evident.

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Mexico City, June 29.—The foreign office today issued a memorandum in which the correspondence of sections in the communication from Washington were repeatedly denied. The memorandum declares that the United States had no right to maintain its armed forces on Mexican soil.

The memorandum contains thirty-five counts. Although not in the form of a direct reply to the Washington note, it is considered equivalent to an answer to that document.

It expresses surprise that the Washington government should have been so far from the tone and the contents of the Carrizal document, since it maintains that the United States has sent to the constitutional government not one but many discontents and even overbearing notes.

Emphatically reiterating the American government's position denying the right of the United States to keep armed bodies in Mexico, the memorandum denies emphatically that the Mexican government has protected bandits who had committed depredations in the United States and defines Washington to produce proof of the assertion.

Ramirez for the Santa Ysabel massacre is placed on the accused imputes and incriminating the Carrizal government.

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"General Bell said he would detail officers to make an investigation. Pending receipt of their report he would not discuss the incident."

Captain George Connor, an commandant of the American patrol at Ysabel, said that he had heard nothing about any shooting and didn't believe his soldiers had fired across the border.

The military supplies lost at Carrizal night arrived in Durango from Chihuahua this morning. General Bell was called and arranged to take them over. They consisted of twenty-seven horses, fifty-five rifles, a number of pistols, several thousand cartridges and other articles of equipment.

The negro troopers of the tenth cavalry brought here from Chihuahua yesterday to the hospital at Fort Bliss awaiting release when it was learned that they contracted no dangerous disease in Mexico.

They were released separately brought to the border road to the American post and were told that the number of Mexican dead at Carrizal was much larger than announced by General Bell, see dateline. A number of officers that General Bell was giving the dead, they said.

All but a few of the Americans who fell in battle, including the bodies of Captain Bell and Lieutenant Adair, were buried in coasts during part of the year. It is charged that the Mexicans had buried the dead and had apparently been overruled.

From the same source the Carrizal casualties in this fight were put at twenty-six killed and fifty wounded. The Mexicans also lost thirty-four horses killed.

WARD LINE STEAMER TO BRING BACK REFUGEES

Vera Cruz, June 29.—The Ward Line steamer Monarchs, with American refugees is expected to sail this afternoon.

MOROCCAN NATIVES AND SPANISH TROOPS BATTLE

Madrid, June 29 (12:50 p.m.)—Fighting has broken out between natives and Spanish troops. The announcement made today that a heavy engagement between the Moroccan rebels and Spanish troops had been repulsed with large losses.

CHICAGO DISTRIBUTION POINT FOR EASTERN GUARD

Chicago, June 29.—Chicago continues

Aviator Meets Death While Hastening to Hospital With Delicacies for Friend

By Evening Herald Leased Wire
Paris, June 29.—It was while en route to Paris from the front that Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, who up to that time had a record for eight aerial victories, went down with the German machine.

These details are discussed in a semi-official report in Paris, which also states that the American aviator was shot down in a dog fight with a German biplane.

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